

POLITICS OOZING ALL OVER THE PREMISES

All Factions Made Hay Yesterday
While the Sun Shone and
After It Had Set.

PRINCE KUHIO TIPS HIS HAND

Anti-McCandless Democrats Had
a Powwow—Taft League
Has a Program.

(From Thursday's Advertiser)

Politics of all brands oozed over the town yesterday. The Delegate issued a statement, in which he said little, but enough to show that he is after an anti-Frear delegation to take to the Chicago convention; the anti-McCandless Democrats held a powwow, in which was discussed the best way to lift Link's scalp; the Kuhio Republicans foregathered in the morning and chuckled at what they supposed was the bunch of wool they had pulled over the Taft League's eyes, and the Taft League met in conclave to lay out a precinct-to-precinct campaign for convention delegates.

The members of the league announced last evening that an answer to the Delegate's latest statement would be given out tomorrow. This answer will be to the effect that the Taft supporters are satisfied that Kuhio is not sincere in his protestations and that now is the time for all good men to come to the aid of the party.

Kuhio's reply yesterday is exactly what was wanted. It places him on record as opposed to any effort to work for a pro-Taft convention in April. From Hilo, yesterday, came word that the Big Island delegation to the convention will be anti-Frear, if Deha can pull it off and if the missionary work done there by A. L. C. Atkinson has the desired effect.

Governor Would Not Talk.

Governor Frear would not discuss the Kuhio statement. "I do not believe I am the one to comment on the subject of the Delegate's letter," he said, "inasmuch as I did not attend the meetings which are discussed in the letter, and can not speak at first hand. As I look at it, any reply to the Delegate would naturally come more appropriately from those present at the meetings, who could speak of their own knowledge as to what took place. I have no comments to make on the Delegate's statement."

The Governor declines to take part in the local party discussion, excepting to reiterate his support of plans to send a Taft delegation to the national convention. "It does not seem to me to be the time for doing any talking on the subject," he said, when told that there were those who thought he should come out and mix in the fight, in his own behalf.

If Frear is worrying over not getting the support of his local friends, he does not show it at all. He intimated that he might have something to say later, but he is not likely to mix in the party fight just now.

Democratic Gathering.

The Democrats foregathered in the office of Mayor Fern, those present being His Honor, Colonel McCarthy, Supervisor McClellan, Sheriff Jarrett, Deputy Sheriff Rose, Secretary Rivenburgh, Colonel Wolter, Coroner's Jurymen Turrill and Jim Coke. Neither McCandless nor Barron, nor any of those on Link's official payroll, were in attendance and the meeting was awfully secret. Enough leaked out of the proceedings, however, to show that the meeting was another "harmony" talk-fest, at which it was tacitly agreed that the one sure road to harmony was blocked by McCandless and that the

first real fight the party had on hand was one to gently but firmly remove the obstruction.

Taft League Also "Hush!"

According to some of those in attendance at the Taft League meeting, little discussion resulted from the afternoon statement of Kuhio. An answer is in course of preparation and until that is out the leaguers will not talk. Kuhio's statement was a lengthy one, as follows:

Kuhio's Statement.

"Inasmuch as Republicans unacquainted with the facts, save as they are set forth in the published statement of Mr. J. P. Cooke of Monday, may misunderstand my position on the matters referred to, I deem it advisable to state my position clearly.

"On February 15, the day after my return to Honolulu, I stated in the Evening Bulletin that I was in favor of an instructed Taft delegation and that I did not desire the party to take up the differences between Governor Frear and myself. I still entertain these views and will continue to do so.

"A few days ago, in company with Mr. R. W. Shingle, I attended a conference in the Republican committee rooms in the Judd building at the invitation of Mr. Alfred D. Cooper, chairman of the Republican executive committee, and that Mr. J. P. Cooke, president of the Taft League. These gentlemen submitted an agreement for me to sign, as follows:

1. All delegates to national convention pledge themselves to work and vote for a renomination of President Taft.
2. The Kuhio-Frear controversy will not be brought into the territorial convention to be held April 15, 1912, and no action will be taken by said convention, save the choosing of the delegates and alternates to the Republican National Convention.

3. The apportionment of delegates to the national convention shall be as follows: Hawaii 1, Maui 1, Kauai 1, Oahu 3.
4. Agree to delegates as follows: Kuhio, R. W. Shingle, C. A. Rice, to be national committeeman; Geo. Renton.

Delegates apportioned to Hawaii and Maui to be nominated by delegations from those districts, respectively, to the territorial convention.

Agree to Sam Keliinui for chairman of the convention.
The parties heretofore pledge themselves to carry out the above agreement.

"I informed these gentlemen that I was already committed in my public statement to the first two paragraphs of the agreement but that I could not see my way clear to accede to their wishes as regards the remaining propositions.

No Precedent.

"Although appreciating the honor shown me by assuring my election as delegate, I do not believe it is right, and no precedent can be found for, the selection in advance of four out of six of the delegates to the national convention, the national committeeman from this Territory and the chairman of the convention.

"Such a procedure would be too far-reaching in the interference with the choice of the delegates to be elected, no matter how good and honest the motives that may have prompted it.

"Such an agreement, if carried out, would make the coming Republican convention a howling farce.

"Such an arrangement stamps the one hundred and sixty delegates to be elected by the people of the various precincts throughout the Territory to that convention as straw men and political dummies.

Reminder to Cooper.

"At the conference, I called the attention of Chairman Cooper of the Republican executive committee to the fact that at a meeting held at my home several months ago, at which he and party leaders were present, I had insisted upon the elimination of my controversy with Governor Frear on a question of public policy.

"Instead Chairman Cooper and his committee ignored this suggestion, given in the interest of party harmony and three days later endorsed Governor Frear and has since continued to promote his candidacy.

Not Right to Pick.

"As for the chairman of the executive committee, not only is it not his right to dictate the selection of delegates, but it is his duty to see that delegates be not selected in his manner. To calmly pass up the duties of the convention, to suavely transfer its rights, to dicker with anyone on the subject, with the obvious purpose of using the machinery of the executive committee in any way which might interfere with the fair choice of delegates, national

HE CAN NOT GET AWAY FROM THEM



OUR DELEGATE AWAY FROM CONGRESS. — Take it away! Take it away! All this questioning is going to "kill Kuhio!"

committeeman and officers of the convention, is usurpation of power and a violation of the vital principles of the Republican party, which should be frowned upon and rejected. No self-respecting Republican should or would submit to such dictation.

Honorable Ambition.

"It is an honorable ambition to seek selection as delegate of the Republican party in Hawaii to the national convention which will choose our standard-bearer and declare its principles for the coming campaign, and no aspirant for that honor should be peremptorily told by Mr. Cooper or anyone else that the choice lies elsewhere than with the territorial convention.

"I do not wish to go to Chicago as a delegate chosen by anyone man. If I go at all I wish to go as one chosen by the Republican party in convention assembled.

"It must also be borne in mind that the people of this Territory as well as in many States on the mainland have fought for the enactment of primary laws solely and primarily to enable them to do away with political bosses controlling nominating conventions and to secure to themselves their unquestioned right to select their candidates through the ballot box.

Have Faith in Leaders.

"I believe that in order to strengthen the party during the campaign in November, the voters at large must know that those who are entrusted with the care and management of the party are working in good faith for the people and for the Territory. Without these assurances, we will surely fail at the polls.

"I think any other course is a mistake and not true Republicanism. I would rather rest my fate in the hands of the people. Whatever else may be said of me I am not a dictator.

Always on the Job.

"So far as my return to Washington is concerned, I need say little. No honest man—no fair-minded man can point to a single instance in my career as Delegate where the interests of Hawaii have been neglected by me. Upon this I am ever ready to have my constituency pass. Perhaps I may in some instances differ with others as to the

proper course to be pursued; undoubtedly, I at times am in error. These differences and these errors, however, may never be truthfully charged to neglect on my part. An endeavor to do so will meet with refutation in every line of my record.

"The paramount issue today is how to secure harmony in the Republican ranks. The personal ambitions of any of the so-called leaders or officeholders, no matter how high, should not jeopardize what we seek to accomplish—a united party.

"After all that has been said and done, the only real difference of opinion between us lies in the selection of the national delegates; and this can safely be left to an unfettered convention of the party without a program previously arranged by a few political wirepullers.

"J. KALANIANAOLE"

SICKNESS CALLS PROFESSOR HOME

Jaggar Hears That Children Are
Ill in Boston and Leaves
on Enterprise.

(From Thursday's Advertiser)

A wireless dispatch from Hilo yesterday announced that Professor T. A. Jaggar, Jr., in charge of the Volcanic Research association's work at Kilauea on the Island of Hawaii, sailed from Hilo yesterday on the steamer Enterprise, direct for the Coast. He received a cable from his home in Boston two days ago announcing the illness of his two children and asking him to return as soon as possible.

Professor Jaggar stated before leaving the Big Island that he hopes to return to Hawaii in June next, and resume the work at the volcano. The professor left Francis Dodge, of Honolulu, who has been acting as his assistant, in charge of the station at the Volcano during his absence. Mr. Dodge will continue the daily observations of the lake in the pit and the taking of records in connection with this work, so that there will be no break in the continuity of these records during the absence of professor Jaggar.

CAPTAIN AMUNDSEN, FAMOUS EXPLORER, BACK FROM POLE

HOBART, TASMANIA, March 7.—But a few hours after the reported return from the South Pole of Captain Scott on the Terra Nova, Captain Roald Amundsen arrived here yesterday afternoon, and reports having reached the South Pole himself on the famous ship Fram.

Captain Amundsen is the discoverer of the famous Northwest passage. His discovery of the South Pole is but an incident in the far more difficult task he had mapped out for himself that of drifting through that passage. He sailed the exploration ship Fram in which Doctor Fridtjof Nansen made his fame as an arctic explorer, and in which Captain Otto Sverdrup spent four years in the arctic. The Amundsen expedition left Buenos Ayres in the latter part of 1910 and following the track laid out by Lieutenant Shackleton and Captain Scott forced its way South. Nothing has been heard from the Amundsen expedition for many months until last night's cable.

DEMOCRATIC FREE SUGAR MEASURE IS TURNED BACK BY A MAJORITY OF HOUSE

Minority Report on Underwood's Bill Adopted---
Charges Pact Between Trust and Bourbon
Leaders---Says Act Would Establish Iron
Bound Monopoly in United States.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—The war on the Democratic sugar tariff bill, introduced by Representative Underwood of Alabama, has just started apparently. Yesterday the house of representatives adopted the minority report on the bill, and sent the measure back to the ways and means committee to be reframed and in some respects completely changed.

In the report adopted by the house serious charges are made. One is to the effect that the measure was the outcome of a secret compact between the Democratic party leaders and the Sugar Trust. It is asserted by the report that the measure as originally framed would have destroyed all hope of competition in the sugar markets of the United States, and would have thrown the entire industry into the hands of the trust without any chance for the independents to retaliate. It would have served to create an iron bound monopoly in the country which could not have been broken, says the report.

In speaking of the action of the bill upon the beet sugar industry, the minority report declares that it would have driven the beet producers out of business entirely and would have killed that part of the sugar industry effectively.

SCIENTISTS WILL FEEL PELE'S PULSE

Doctor Shepherd Will Also Take
Madame's Temperature
if Possible.

Science is not done with Madame Pele by a long shot. That austere dame intends that the mystical goddess of Hawaii shall preserve no secrets from the world of test tubes, thermometers and facts. Hence she is sending one of her best known and most faithful servants over here to take Madame Pele's temperature, feel her pulse, and otherwise diagnose her symptoms.

Dr. Ernest Stanley Shepherd, a member of the geographical laboratory of the Carnegie Institute in Washington is the servant Dame Science has selected for the task. The doctor has been here before. He accompanied Professor Perret, when the latter was probing into the Madame's secrets. Doctor Shepherd then aided Professor Perret in measuring the temperature of the Volcano, but the results obtained have proved unsatisfactory and other and more accurate data are wanted.

The doctor has written to the officers of the local Volcano Research Association announcing he is coming to Hawaii accompanied by Doctor Day, the head of the division, to continue such observations and experiments on a more elaborate scale.

It is not intended to use a cable strung across the pit or crater of the Volcano as Professor Perret did, but the new experiments will be made with new instruments invented and constructed by the officials of the Carnegie Institute. It is the expectation of Doctor Shepherd that much more complete and accurate results will be obtainable by means of these instruments.

It is the intention of Doctors Day and Shepherd to spend several months at and around the Volcano. Their investigations will be extended to the three principle mountains, Mauna Kea, Mauna Loa and Hualalai. Doctor Shepherd also expresses the hope that from Hawaii as a base the investigation of the institute may be continued and expanded to include the volcanoes of the South Sea Islands.

The investigation of the Carnegie Institute will be conducted in cooperation with the investigations of Professor Jaggar, and the use of the observatory at the pit has been placed at the disposal of the representatives of the institute in carrying on their work.

JAMAICA WANTS NO CANADIAN RECIPROCITY

OTTAWA, Ontario, February 27.—The island of Jamaica is likely to prove a thorn in the side of the advocates of a reciprocity pact between Canada and the British Indies. According to cable advices Jamaica has decided not to send a delegate to the reciprocity conference here. This decision is based, it is declared, on the belief of the Jamaican authorities that the United States is the colony's natural market, and that any attempt in the direction of reciprocal trade with Canada would incur the displeasure of America.

MURDER REPORTED.

PEKING, China, March 6.—It is reported here that an English missionary has been murdered at Paoingfu.

BEST LINIMENT.

For cuts and bruises there is nothing equal to Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It not only relieves the pain almost instantly, but it is an antiseptic liniment and when applied promptly causes the wound to heal without any danger of blood poisoning. You can not afford to be without it in your home. For sale by Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

REBELS TO OPEN FRESH CAMPAIGN

Orozco Issues Orders for Start
Against City of Mexico to
Be Made Sunday.

CHIHUAHUA, Mexico, March 7.—General Orozco yesterday issued orders to prepare for a fresh campaign against the City of Mexico. According to the instructions given to the different commanders the march against Madero's capital will begin Sunday, and all forces the rebels can muster will be called into the field.

It is certain that more than fifty thousand men will be mustered here between now and the time set for the start and that possibly all of that number will set out with the column when the time comes. There will also be infantry and artillery, although the rebels here are but poorly supplied with cannon.

Ambassador Kicks.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—The Mexican ambassador yesterday spent several hours in close consultation with President Taft, and is said to have been going over the entire situation with the President. While little or nothing definite regarding the conference could be obtained it is believed that the representative of the Mexican government here, told Mr. Taft that he has reason to believe the present crisis will pass and that the conditions in his country will soon return to the normal. He is known to have assured the President that Madero intends to make some changes in his cabinet demanded by the disaffected. The ambassador urges a stricter neutrality.

URGING INDIANS TO REVOLT IN SONORA

GUAYMAS, Mexico, March 7.—One of the peace commissioners sent by the Federal government in an effort to avert the rising in various parts of the State of Sonora, reached here yesterday despairing of accomplishing his mission. He stated that the Cientificos are urging the savage Yaquis to rise against Madero, and are offering the Indians lands and money if they will sweep down into the valleys and murder the settlers, American and Mexican. It's more than probable, says the commissioner, that trouble will be had with the Yaquis, who are famous fighters and extremely bloodthirsty.

Troops Ready.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—It is expected here that more troops will be rushed to the Mexican border.

OUSTED MAYOR RUNS HOT RACE FOR PLACE

SEATTLE, Washington, March 6.—George F. Cotterill, former state senator and leader of an Independent Democratic movement here, has been elected mayor over Hiram C. Gill, who was recalled from the mayor's chair last spring. The vote was one of the closest ever recorded in a municipal election. Cotterill receiving 31,737 votes and Gill 31,071. Gill ran on a "liberal" or wideopen town platform. Though several Socialist candidates were nominated at the primaries, none were elected.

TAFT GIVEN POWER TO RESTORE CITIZENSHIP

WASHINGTON, March 7.—The house of representatives yesterday granted President Taft the power to restore military and naval deserters to the citizenship now taken from them. The power extends only to cases where the desertion takes place in times of peace.

MEN OF HONOLULU CHIP IN TO AID CHINESE

(From Thursday's Advertiser)

Three thousand, eight hundred and ninety dollars in less than an hour's soliciting was the record made yesterday afternoon by the committee of the Chinese Famine Relief Fund workers among the "foreigners" of the city. This amount is all in cash and will go forward to Shanghai by cable at once, to be followed up by the further sums expected.

F. W. Damon, the one hater on the committee, was delighted yesterday at the success met with. "I feel that we owe a great debt of gratitude to Governor Frear, for his splendid appeal on behalf of the starving millions in China, to The Advertiser for the splendid publicity it has given the appeal, and to the generous business men of the city who have so nobly responded," he said.

The first contribution to reach the committee was a check for five hundred dollars from "Two Friends," who prefer to be left unknown. Accompanying the check was a letter, of which a part said: "We send this along, feeling that the occasion demands the utmost that anyone can do."

Contributions to the fund are being solicited from among the Chinese by other committees and the response is good. Clothes for the suffering are also being sent in to Chun Ming, 36 South King street, while some contributions have been received at The Advertiser office.

Yesterday's Contributors.

The list of contributors to the com-



A WILD DEMAND FOR FOOD.

Frenzied throng at a relief headquarters in the famine district, clamoring for food with outstretched arms.

Committee's list is:	
Two Friends	\$500
Chester Wells, U. S. S. South Dakota	25
15	
Friends	15
25	
P. W. Rider	25
25	
Hackfield & Co.	500
C. Brewer & Co.	500
Castle & Cooke	500
Alexander & Baldwin	500
W. M. Giffard	25
A Friend	50
C. M. Cooke, Ltd.	250
Bishop & Co.	500
T. H. Davies & Co.	500
A Friend	20
Total	\$3890